Upcoming Scheduled Maintenance for USGBC.org
USGBC.org will be offline from **Friday, May 6 at 9:00 pm EST until Saturday, May 7 at 12:00 pm EST**.
Email us or call 1-800-795-1747 for assistance. Thanks for your patience.

LEED ND: Plan | v4 - LEED v4

Solid waste management

Possible 1 point

Glossary

Intent

To reduce the volume of waste deposited in landfills and promote the proper disposal of hazardous waste.

Requirements

Meet at least four of the following five requirements and publicize their availability and benefits.

a. Include as part of the project at least one recycling or reuse station, available to all project occupants, dedicated to the separation, collection, and storage of materials for recycling; or locate the project in a local government jurisdiction that provides recycling services. The recycling must cover at least paper, corrugated cardboard, glass, plastics, and metals.

b. Include as part of the project at least one drop-off point, available to all project occupants, for potentially hazardous office or household wastes and establish a plan for postcollection disposal or use; or locate the project in a local government jurisdiction that provides collection services. Examples of potentially hazardous wastes include paints, solvents, oil, mercury-containing lamps, electronic waste, and batteries.

c. Include as part of the project at least one compost station or location, available to all project occupants, dedicated to the collection and composting of food and yard wastes, and establish a plan for postcollection use; or locate the project in a local government jurisdiction that provides composting services.

d. On every mixed-use or nonresidential block or at least every 800 feet (245 meters), whichever is shorter, include recycling containers either adjacent to or integrated into the design of other receptacles.

e. Recycle, reuse, or salvage at least 50% of nonhazardous construction, demolition, and renovation debris. Calculations can be done by weight or volume but must be consistent throughout. Develop and implement a construction waste management plan that identifies the materials to be diverted from disposal and specifies whether the materials will be stored on site or commingled. Reused or recycled asphalt, brick, and concrete (ABC) can account for no more than 75% of the diverted waste total. Excavated soil, land-clearing debris and materials contributing toward GIB Credit Building Reuse do not qualify for this credit. Include materials destined for alternative daily cover (ADC) in the calculations as waste (not diversion).